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# Double-Wall, Round Duct and Fittings Dimensions 

McGill AirFlow Corporation has a complete line of double-wall, insulated round duct and fittings. Each piece is constructed of an inner liner (either perforated or solid metal) surrounded by a layer of fiberglass insulation and covered by a solid metal pressure shell. The insulation is available in 1-, 2-, and 3-inch standard thicknesses and a maximum 1.5 pounds per cubic feet (pcf) density ${ }^{1}$ to meet the thermal and acoustical performance requirements found in most HVAC systems.

Table 1 - Double-wall, Round Duct- Available Sizes, Materials, and Thicknesses ${ }^{2}$

| Construction | Inner Liner Diameters |  |  | Lengths ${ }^{3}$ | Materials ${ }^{4,5}$ | Thicknesses ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-inch k27 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2-inch } \\ \text { k27 } \end{gathered}$ | 3-inch k27 |  |  |  |
| ACOUSTI-k27 ${ }^{\oplus}$ Duct (spiral lockseam) | $3-82$ | $3-80$ | $3-78$ | 1-20 feet | Galvanized Steel | 28-14 gauge |
|  |  |  |  |  | Stainless Steel | 26-20 gauge |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3-58^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3-56^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3-54^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ |  | Aluminum | $0.025-0.063$ inch $^{6}$ |
| UNI-RIB-k27 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Duct (spiral lockseam with standing rib) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 7-58 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5-56 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3-54 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | 1-20 feet | Galvanized Steel | 28-22 gauge |
|  |  |  |  |  | Aluminum | 0.025-0.050 inch |
| Longitudinal Seam-k27 ${ }^{\circledR}$ Duct $^{7}$ (solid welded) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8-88 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8-86 \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $8-84$ <br> inches | 1-6 feet | Galvanized Steel | 20-10 gauge |
|  |  |  |  |  | Stainless Steel | 22-10 gauge |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 8-82^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8-80^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8-78^{6} \\ \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ |  | Aluminum | 0.040-0.090 inch ${ }^{6}$ |

Table 2 - Double-Wall, Round Fittings- Available Sizes, Materials, and Thicknesses ${ }^{2}$

| Construction | Inner Liner Diameters |  |  | 年 | Thickials,5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1. Standard insulation density is 1.0 pcf .
2. Except as noted, McGill AirFlow double-wall, round duct and fittings are available with the following outer shell dimensions: 5 -inch through 15 -inch diameters in $1 / 2$-inch-diameter increments, 16 -inch through 38 -inch diameters in 1 -inch diameter increments, 40 -inch through 90 -inch diameters in 2 -inch diameter increments. Standard duct liners are perforated metal. Standard fitting liners are solid metal. Standard insulation is fiberglass
3. Standard lengths of round ACOUSTI-k27 and UNI-RIB-k27 duct are 10, 12, and 20 feet; longer lengths are available on special order. Standard lengths of round Longitudinal Seam-k27 duct are 5 and 6 feet.
4. Double-wall, round duct and fittings are also available in carbon steel, paintable galvanized steel, and aluminized steel.
5. UNI-COAT ${ }^{\circledR}$ double-wall, round duct and fittings (polyvinyl-chloride-coated galvanized steel) are available on special order.
6. Aluminum double-wall round, duct and fittings are available in larger diameters and greater metal thicknesses on special order.
7. Round Longitudinal Seam-k27 duct is available with inner liner diameters less than 8 inches on special order.
8. Fittings 16 gauge (Aluminum - 0.090 inch ) or heavier are fully welded.
${ }^{9}$. See Table 3 for the full range of available spiral duct diameters by thickness.

## Longitudinal Seam

Spiral Lockseam with Standing Rib

## RL-2 Seam Type



$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Up to } \pm 10 \text { in.wg. } & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Spot weld } 1 \text { inch or } \\
\text { lap, rivet, and tack weld } 3 \text { inches }
\end{array} \\
\text { Up to } \pm 4 \text { in.wg. } & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Spot weld } 2 \text { inches or } \\
\text { lap, rivet, and tack weld } 6 \text { inches }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

Table 3 - Available Range of Spiral Duct Outer Shell Diameters by Thickness ${ }^{1}$

| Gauge | Galvanized Steel, Aluminized Steel and Nongalvanized Carbon Steel |  | Stainless Steel (304, 304L, 316 and 316L) | Polyvinyl-chloride-coated galvanized steel | Aluminum ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spiral Lockseam Diameter (inches) | Spiral <br> Lockseam with Standing Rib Diameter (inches) | Spiral Lockseam Diameter (inches) | Spiral Lockseam Diameter (inches) | Thickness (inches) | Spiral Lockseam Diameter (inches) | Spiral <br> Lockseam with Standing Rib Diameter (inches) |
| 28 | 5-14 1/2 | 9-42 | N/A | N/A | 0.025 | 5-26 | 9-42 |
| 26 | 5-26 | 9-60 | 5-36 | 5-26 | 0.032 | 5-50 | 9-60 |
| 24 | 5-36 | 9-60 | 5-50 | 5-34 | 0.040 | 5-60 | N/A |
| 22 | 5-50 | 9-60 | 5-60 | 5-50 | 0.050 | 5-60 | N/A |
| 20 | 5-60 | N/A | 5-84 | 15-60 | 0.063 | 5-60 | N/A |
| 18 | 5-84 | N/A | N/A | 15-84 |  |  |  |
| 16 | 6-84 | N/A | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |
| 14 | 24-84 | N/A | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |

[^0]

## Dimensioning

(All alphanumeric dimensions are in inches, all angles are in degrees)

| A | - | Main barrel inlet diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | - | Main barrel outlet diameter |
| C or D | - | Branch tap diameter (Note: On tee and lateral fittings with two taps, C is the branch closest to the inlet of the fitting. On cross fittings, C is the larger of the two taps.) |
| t | - | Insulation/liner thickness |
| R | - | Centerline radius |
| S | - | Slip-fit dimension of a fitting |
| F, H, J, L, Q, V, Z, m, a | - | Miscellaneous dimensions (refer to specific drawings) |
| $\theta$ or $\varphi$ |  | Angular measurements (refer to specific drawings) |
| \# | - | Number of elbow gores |

## General Notes:

- Dimensions other than diameters are held within a $1 / 4$-inch tolerance.
- The outer shell diameter of double-wall duct and fittings is equal to the inner liner diameter plus two times the insulation thickness.
- Unless ordered otherwise, the inner liners and outer shells of double-wall, round fittings are sized to slip fit into the inner liners and outer shells of double-wall, round duct.
- Double-wall fittings ordered for slip-fit assembly have a projecting inner liner slip-fit section as shown in the following drawing:

Where: $\quad \mathrm{S}=2$ inches

$X=1$ inch for inside diameters less than or equal to 7 inches
$X=2$ inches for inside diameters greater than 7 inches

- Double-wall duct and fittings can be ordered with Van Stone or applied connectors installed on the outer shell. For these cases the inner liner does not project beyond the outer shell ( $\mathrm{X}=0$ inches) and a slip-fit, single-wall coupling or safe-off should be ordered to align the inner liners of mating duct and fittings. Van Stone connectors change the makeup dimensions of standard slip-fit dimension ends. Refer to the details on page 36 for further information.
- Unless ordered otherwise, the branch taps of laterals, crosses, lateral crosses, and Y-fittings are installed at standard angles to the fittings' bodies and to each other, as shown in the following drawings:


## For all:



Laterals, $\theta$ standard $=45^{\circ}$
Crosses, $\theta$ standard $=90^{\circ}, \varphi$ standard $=180^{\circ}$
Lateral Crosses, $\theta$ standard $=45^{\circ}, \varphi$ standard $=180^{\circ}$
$Y$-Fittings, $\theta$ standard $=90^{\circ}$
Note: $\varphi$ is the included angle between taps as viewed in cross section (standard is $180^{\circ}$ ). When ordering fittings of nonstandard $\varphi$, please include an end view.

## General Notes:

- For installation information, refer to McGill AirFlow's brochure Installation of Double-Wall Duct and Fittings.
- Flat oval and rectangular taps are available in lieu of round. Specify dimensions.
- The Q dimension of laterals and lateral crosses may be less than, equal to, or greater than the V dimension of these fittings.


## Designations:

McGill AirFlow uses a designation system that simplifies product nomenclature. Most of our products can be accurately identified using a concise alphanumeric designator. Each character in the designation defines a characteristic of the product.

Example: KR4T refers to a double-wall (K), round (R), 4 in wg pressure class (4), straight tee (T).
$1^{\text {st }}$ Character: Wall Configuration - KR4T
$\mathbf{S}=\quad$ Single-wall
$\mathbf{I}=$ Single-wall, lined (1 and $11 / 2$ inches only)
K = k27 Double-wall
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Character: Shape - KR4T
$\mathbf{R}=\quad$ Round
$O=O v a l$
$3^{\text {rd }}$ Character: Pressure Class - KR4T
$2=0$ to +2 in wg
$4=\quad+2$ to +4 in wg
$0=\quad+4$ to +10 in wg
$\mathbf{X}=0$ to -2 in wg
$\mathbf{Y}=\quad-2$ to -4 in wg
$\mathbf{Z}=\quad-4$ to -10 in wg
$\mathbf{N}=$ nonstandard gauge (user specified)
$\mathbf{S}=\quad$ standard gauge of product type
Notes: 1. When ordering duct or fittings, specify $2,4,0, X, Y, Z, S, o r N$ in the * position of the designation.
2. Pressure ranges listed for 2, 4, 0, X, Y, and $Z$ are based on 1995 SMACNA Duct Construction Standards (galvanized only).
3. SMACNA is the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association.
$4^{\text {th }}$ and Subsequent Characters: Product Type - KR4T

$$
\mathbf{T}=\text { Straight Tee }\left(90^{\circ} \text { branch fitting }\right)
$$

Table 4 - Thickness/Weight Relationships of Standard Materials

| Gauge | Galvanized and Paintable Galvanized <br> Steel |  |  | Nongalvanized Carbon Steel |  |  | Stainless Steel <br> (304 or 316) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Weight <br> (lb/sq ft) | Minimum <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Weight <br> (lb/sq ft) | Minimum <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Weight <br> (lb/sq ft) |
|  | 0.0157 | 0.0187 | 0.781 | 0.0129 | 0.0149 | 0.625 | 0.0136 | 0.0156 | 0.656 |
| 26 | 0.0187 | 0.0217 | 0.906 | 0.0159 | 0.0179 | 0.750 | 0.0158 | 0.0188 | 0.788 |
| 24 | 0.0236 | 0.0276 | 1.156 | 0.0209 | 0.0239 | 1.000 | 0.0220 | 0.0250 | 1.050 |
| 22 | 0.0296 | 0.0336 | 1.406 | 0.0269 | 0.0299 | 1.250 | 0.0273 | 0.0313 | 1.313 |
| 20 | 0.0356 | 0.0396 | 1.656 | 0.0329 | 0.0359 | 1.500 | 0.0335 | 0.0375 | 1.575 |
| 18 | 0.0466 | 0.0516 | 2.156 | 0.0438 | 0.0478 | 2.000 | 0.0450 | 0.0500 | 2.100 |
| 16 | 0.0575 | 0.0635 | 2.656 | 0.0548 | 0.0598 | 2.500 | 0.0565 | 0.0625 | 2.625 |
| 14 | 0.0705 | 0.0785 | 3.281 | 0.6697 | 0.0747 | 3.125 | 0.0711 | 0.0781 | 3.281 |
| 12 | 0.0994 | 0.1084 | 4.531 | 0.0986 | 0.1046 | 4.375 | 0.1000 | 0.1094 | 4.594 |
| 10 | 0.1292 | 0.1382 | 5.781 | 0.1285 | 0.1345 | 5.625 | 0.1286 | 0.1406 | 5.906 |


| Aluminum <br> 3003-H14 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Thickness <br> (inches) | Nominal <br> Weight <br> (lb/sq ft) |
| 0.0230 | 0.025 | 0.356 |
| 0.0295 | 0.032 | 0.456 |
| 0.0365 | 0.040 | 0.570 |
| 0.0465 | 0.050 | 0.713 |
| 0.0595 | 0.063 | 0.898 |
| 0.0755 | 0.080 | 1.140 |
| 0.0855 | 0.090 | 1.283 |
| 0.0945 | 0.100 | 1.426 |
| 0.1195 | 0.125 | 1.782 |

Table 5 - Material Specifications

| Standard Material | Type | ASTM Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galvanized Steel | -- | A653, A924 |
| Stainless Steel | $304,304 \mathrm{~L}, 316,316 \mathrm{~L}$ | A167, A480 |
| Nongalvanized Carbon Steel | $18-28$ gauge | A366, A568, A569 |
| Aluminum | $3003-\mathrm{H} 14$ | B209 |
| Aluminized | Type 1 | A463 |

Other types of material are available on special order.
Table 6 - McGill AirFlow Standard Construction Methods

| Product | Construction |
| :---: | :---: |
| ACOUSTI-k27 Duct | Spiral lockseam |
| UNI-RIB-k27 Duct | Spiral lockseam with standing rib |
| Longitudinal Seam-k27 Duct | Rolled and butt welded |
| ACOUSTI-k27 Fittings ${ }^{1}$ | Standard: Spot/tack welded, or standing seam and <br> sealed. Available fully welded. |

'UNI-COAT (PVC coated) fittings are button punched, riveted, or screwed and sealed

Table 7 - Unreinforced, Positive Pressure, Double-wall, Round Duct Gauge for Galvanized, Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC)Coated Steel, Nongalvanized Carbon Steel, or Stainless Steel

| Maximum <br> Outer <br> Diameter <br> (inches) | $+\mathbf{+ 2}$ in wg |  | $+\mathbf{4}$ in wg |  | $+\mathbf{+ 1 0}$ in wg |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct <br> or Fittings | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> with <br> Standing <br> Rib Duct |
| 6 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | NA |
| 8 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | NA |
| 10 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 28 |
| 12 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 28 |
| 14 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 26 | 24 | 28 |
| 16 | 26 | 24 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 28 |
| 18 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 28 |
| $19-26$ | 26 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 22 | 28 |
| $27-36$ | 24 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 20 | 28 |
| $37-50$ | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 26 |
| $51-60$ | 20 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 26 |
| $61-84$ | 18 | 16 | 18 | 16 | 18 | 16 | NA |

Table 8 - Unreinforced, Positive Pressure, Double-wall, Round Duct Thicknesses (inches) for Aluminum

| Maximum <br> Outer <br> Diameter <br> (inches) | Maximum <br> +2 in wg |  | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Maximum <br> +4 in wg  Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings Maximum <br> +10 in wgSpiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.025 | 0.032 |
| 8 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.025 | 0.032 |
| 10 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.025 | 0.032 |
| 12 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.040 |
| 14 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 |
| 16 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 |
| 18 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 |
| $19-26$ | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.050 |
| $27-36$ | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.050 | 0.063 |
| $37-50$ | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.063 |
| $51-60$ | 0.063 | 0.080 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| $61-84$ | NA | 0.090 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

## Notes for Tables 7 and 8:

1. Longitudinal seam duct is made up of the same gauge as fittings except as noted in Table 1.
2. Stainless steel has 26 gauge minimum for spiral lockseam duct and 22 gauge minimum for longitudinal seam duct and fittings.
3. Polyvinyl-chloride-coated galvanized steel has 26 gauge minimum and 18 gauge maximum for duct and fittings.
4. Construction of aluminum duct and fittings shall otherwise correspond in the same relationship as for steel duct (see Table 4) for thickness required for equal strength or stiffness. SMACNA does not have aluminum standards for pressures greater in magnitude than 2 in wg.
5. The rating of +10 in wg for ribbed duct is based on McGill AirFlow laboratory testing.

Table 9 - Negative Pressure, Double-wall, Round Duct Gauge for Galvanized, Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC)-Coated Steel, Nongalvanized Carbon Steel, or Stainless Steel

| Maximum <br> Outer <br> Diameter <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{- 2}$ in wg |  | -4 in wg |  | -10 in wg |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Spiral <br> (ockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings |
| 6 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 7 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 8 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 9 | 28 | 26 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 |
| 10 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 22 |
| 11 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 26 | 22 |
| 12 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 22 |
| 13 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 20 |
| 14 | 28 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 20 |
| 15 | 28 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 20 |
| 16 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 18 |
| 17 | 26 | 24 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 |
| 18 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 |
| 19 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 |
| 20 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 18 |
| 21 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 18 |
| 22 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 16 |
| 23 | 24 | 20 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 16 |
| 24 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 16 |
| $25-26$ | 22 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 18 A4 |
| $27-29$ | 22 | 18 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 16 A4 |
| 30 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 16 B4 |
| $31-33$ | 20 | 18 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 16 B4 |
| 34 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 20 A6 | 18 | 16 B4 |
| $35-36$ | 20 | 16 | 20 | 20 A6 | 18 | 16 B4 |
| $37-42$ | 20 | 16 | 18 | 18 B6 | 18 F12 |  |
| $43-48$ | 20 | 18 A6 | 18 | 188 B6 | 18 F6 |  |
| $49-60$ | 18 | 18 B4 | 18 F6 | 16 B4 | 18 F6 |  |
| $61-72$ | 16 |  | 18 F6 |  | 16 F4 |  |

## Notes for Table 9:

1. Longitudinal seam duct is made of the same gauge as fittings except as noted in Table 1.
2. Stainless steel has 26 gauge minimum for spiral lockseam duct and 22 gauge minimum for longitudinal seam duct and fittings.
3. Polyvinyl-chloride-coated galvanized steel has 26 gauge minimum and 18 gauge maximum for duct and fittings.
4. The letter in the table means that the reinforcement angles or their equivalent must be used at the foot interval following the letter.

The angle sizes are:
A = 1 "x1"x1/8"; B = 1-1/4"x1-1/4"x3/16"; C = 1-1/2"x1-1/2"x3/16"; D = 1-1/2"x1-1/2"x1/4"; E = 2"x2"x3/16"; F = $2 " x 2 " x 1 / 4 "$.
5. If companion flange joints are used as reinforcements, those for $25^{\prime \prime}$ to 36 " outer diameter shall be $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$; for $37^{\prime \prime}$ to 48 " outer diameter 2 "x2"x3/16"; for 50 " to 60 " outer diameter $2-1 / 2 " \times 2-1 / 2 " \times 3 / 16$ "; for 61 " to 72 " outer diameter $3 " \times 3$ "x1/4".

Table 10 - Reinforced and Unreinforced, Negative Pressure, Double-wall, Round Duct Thicknesses (inches) for Aluminum

| Maximum <br> Outer <br> Diameter <br> (inches) | Maximum <br> -2 in wg |  | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings | Spiral <br> Lockseam <br> Duct | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.040 | Maximum <br> Spiral <br> -10 in wg <br> Duct |  |
| 9 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.040 | 0.032 | Longitudinal <br> Seam Duct or <br> Fittings |
| $10-11$ | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 |
| 12 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 |
| 13 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 |
| 14 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.063 |
| 15 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.063 |
| 16 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.080 |
| $17-18$ | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.063 | 0.050 | 0.080 |
| 19 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.063 | 0.050 | 0.080 |
| 20 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.050 | 0.080 |
| 21 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.080 | 0.050 | 0.080 |
| 22 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.080 | 0.050 | 0.090 |
| 23 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.080 | 0.063 | 0.090 |
| 24 | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.080 | NA | 0.090 |
| $25-26$ | 0.040 | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.080 | NA | 0.080 A4 |
| $27-29$ | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.090 | NA | 0.090 A4 |
| $30-33$ | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.090 | NA | 0.090 B4 |
| $34-36$ | 0.050 | 0.063 | 0.063 | 0.063 A6 | NA | 0.090 B4 |
| $37-48$ | 0.063 | 0.080 | 0.080 | 0.080 B6 | NA | NA |
| $49-50$ | 0.063 | 0.080 | NA | 0.090 B4 | NA | NA |
| $51-60$ | NA | 0.090 | NA | 0.090 B4 | NA | NA |

## Notes for Table 10:

1. Longitudinal seam duct is made of the same gauge as fittings except as noted in Table 1.
2. Construction of aluminum duct and fittings shall otherwise correspond in the same relationship as for steel duct (see Table 4) for thickness required for equal strength or stiffness. SMACNA does not have aluminum standards for pressures greater in magnitude than 2 in wg
3. The letter in the table means that the reinforcement iron angles or their equivalent must be used at the foot interval following the letter. The angle sizes are:
A = 1"x1"x1/8"; B = 1-1/4"x1-1/4"x1/8"
Table 11 - Positive Pressure, Double-wall, Round Duct Gauges for Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC)-Coated Steel for Underground Duct Systems

| Outer Diameter <br> (inches) | Spiral Duct Gauge <br> Maximum +10 in wg | Fitting Gauge <br> Maximum +10 in wg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4-8$ | 26 | 24 |
| $81 / 2-16$ | 24 | 22 |
| $18-24$ | 22 | 22 |
| $26-32$ | 20 | 20 |
| $34-60$ | 18 | 18 |

Table 12 - Double-Wall, Round Duct and Fittings: standard diameter/thickness relationships of inner liners.

| Inner Liner Diameter <br> (inches) | Duct Inner Liner <br> Thickness <br> (gauge) | Duct Inner Liner <br> Construction | Fitting Inner Liner <br> Thickness <br> (gauge) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3-81 / 2$ | 28 | nonribbed | 24 |
| $9-34$ | 28 | ribbed | 24 |
| $35-42$ | 28 | ribbed | 22 |
| $44-58$ | 26 | ribbed | 22 |
| 60 | 26 | ribbed | 20 |
| $62-84$ | 22 | nonribbed | 20 |

Note: 1. Standard inner liner for all duct is perforated galvanized for all outer shell material types.
2. Standard inner liner for all fittings is solid galvanized for all outer shell material types.
3. Other inner liner materials are available on special order. The inner liner of duct can be ordered as solid wall. The inner liner of fittings can be ordered as perforated wall.

ACOUSTI-k27 DUCT


## DESIGNATION:

 KR(*)SD
## DIMENSIONS:

Inner liner-3-inch minimum
Outer shell - 84-inch maximum

UNI-RIB-k27 DUCT
(Spiral lockseam with rib)


DESIGNATION:
KR(S or N)RD

## DIMENSIONS:

Inner liner - 3-inch minimum Outer shell - 9-inch minimum, 60 -inch maximum

## LONGITUDINAL SEAM-k27 DUCT ${ }^{1}$

(Solid welded longitudinal seam)


DESIGNATION:
KR(*)LD

## DIMENSIONS:

Inner liner - 3-inch minimum
Outer shell - 8-inch minimum, 90 -inch maximum
${ }^{1}$ smaller or larger diameters available on special order.

## GORED ELBOW



Outer Diameter $\leq 22$-inches


Outer Diameter > 22-inches

## GORED ELBOW

(With Van Stone connector ends)


Outer Diameter > 22-inches

## Designation:

KR(*)E\#- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$
Where:

| $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ | Number of <br> gores |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-35^{\circ}$ | 2 |
| $36-71^{\circ}$ | 3 |
| $72-90^{\circ}$ | 5 |

For elbows where $\theta$ exceeds $90^{\circ}$, add one gore for each additional $18^{\circ}$ or fraction thereof.

## DIMENSIONS:

$R=1.5(A+2 t)$
Notes:

1. Nonstandard elbows with a different centerline radius and a different number of gores are available. Customer to specify face-to-face dimension when using applied connectors (see page 35).
2. Where possible, McGill AirFlow UNISEAM ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (standing seam) construction will be used on gored elbows (9-30 inches in outer diameter).
3. End gores are turned up $1 / 2$-inch to create the flange on gored elbows with Van Stone connector ends when the outer diameter is greater than 22 inches. See the applied connector/Van Stone connector detail on page 36 for diameters less than or equal to 22 inches.
4. The outer shell for 1.5 centerline radius elbows may be made of pleated or die-stamped construction, depending on diameter and pressure class.

## MITERED $90^{\circ}$ ELBOW



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)EMV-90
with turning vanes
(shown)
KR(*)EM-90
without turning vanes
(not shown)
DIMENSIONS:

| A <br> (inches) | Number <br> of Vanes |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-91 / 2$ | 2 |
| $10-141 / 2$ | 3 |
| $15-19$ | 4 |
| $20-60$ | 5 |
| over 60 | 12-inch maximum <br> spacing |

Note: Mitered $45^{\circ}$ elbows (two gores) without vanes are also available.
Designation is $\mathrm{KR}\left({ }^{*}\right) \mathrm{EM}-45$.

## HEEL-TAPPED $90^{\circ}$ ELBOW



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)ET3-90

## DIMENSION

$R=1.5(A+2 t)$
$Z=0.086(A+2 t)$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

## HEEL-TAPPED $45^{\circ}$ ELBOW



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)ET3-45

## DIMENSION

$R=1.5(\mathrm{~A}+2 \mathrm{t})$
$Z=0.348(A+2 t)$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=0.3 \mathrm{~A}$

## STRAIGHT TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*) ${ }^{\top}$

DIMENSIONS:
$V=C+2 t+2$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

## CONICAL TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TC

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+2 \mathrm{t}+4$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}-2$

## LO-LOSS ${ }^{\text {T"W }}$ TEE



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)TL

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{H}+2 \mathrm{t}+2$
$J=C+2($ for $C \leq A-2)$
$J=C($ for $C>A-2)$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

| $C$ <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $81 / 2-14$ | 7 |
| $141 / 2-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## TANGENTIAL TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TT

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+2 \mathrm{t}+2$

## REDUCING STRAIGHT TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TR

DIMENSIONS:
$V=C+2 t+2$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

## REDUCING CONICAL TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TCR

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+2 \mathrm{t}+4$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}-2$

## REDUCING LO-LOSS TEE

## DESIGNATION: KR(*)TLR



## DIMENSIONS:

$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{H}+2 \mathrm{t}+2$
$J=C+2($ for $C \leq A-2)$
$J=C($ for $C>A-2)$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

| $\mathbf{C}+2 \mathbf{2 t}$ <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $81 / 2-14$ | 7 |
| $141 / 2-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## REDUCING TANGENTIAL TEE $90^{\circ}$



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TTR
$\left(-270\right.$ if $\theta \neq 90^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+2 \mathrm{t}+2$

## STRAIGHT LATERAL



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)L
( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$V=\frac{C+2 t}{\sin \theta}+2$
$Q=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1$
$H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2$
Maximum $C=A$

CONICAL LATERAL


DESIGNATION:
KR(*)LC
( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$V=\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{\sin \theta}+2$

$$
Q=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1
$$

$$
H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+4
$$

$$
\alpha=\frac{2}{\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{4 \tan \theta}+2}
$$

Maximum $C=\quad A-3$ for $A \leq 10$ A - 4 for $10<A \leq 42$

A-5 for $A>42$

## REDUCING STRAIGHT LATERAL



REDUCING CONICAL LATERAL


## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)LR
( $-\theta$ if $\theta=45^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$V=\frac{C+2 t}{\sin \theta}+2$
$Q=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1$
$H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2$
Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)LCR
( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$$
V=\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{\sin \theta}+2
$$

$$
Q=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1
$$

$$
H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+4
$$

$$
\alpha=\frac{2}{\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{4 \tan \theta}+2}
$$

Maximum $C=A-3$ for $A \leq 10$
A - 4 for $10<A \leq 42$
A-5 for $A>42$

## TAPERED BODY LATERAL



## DESIGNATION:

## KR(*)LP

( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& V=\frac{C}{\sin \theta}-\frac{A-B}{2 \tan \theta}+2 \\
& Q=\frac{A-B}{2 V \tan \theta}+\frac{B+2 t}{2 V \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
H=\frac{A-B}{2 V \tan \theta}+\frac{B+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2
$$

## STRAIGHT $90^{\circ}$ CROSS

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TX
( $-\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )


DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}+2 \mathrm{t}+2$
Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}$

## CONICAL $90^{\circ}$ CROSS



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)TXC
( $-\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$V=C+2 t+4$
Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}-2$

## LO-LOSS $90^{\circ}$ CROSS

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TXL
( $-\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$V=C+H_{C}+2 t+2$
Note: To determine $J_{C}$ or $J_{D}$ dimension and maximum $C$ or $D$, refer to LOLOSS tee drawing.

| C or D <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathrm{c}}$ or $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{D}}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $81 / 2-14$ | 7 |
| $141 / 2-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## REDUCING STRAIGHT $90^{\circ}$ CROSS



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)TXR
( $\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$V=C+2 t+2$
Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}$

## REDUCING CONICAL $90^{\circ}$ CROSS



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TXCR
(- $\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
$V=C+2 t+4$
Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}-2$

## REDUCING LO-LOSS $90^{\circ}$ CROSS



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TXLR
( $-\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
V $=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{C}}+2$
Note: To determine $J_{C}+J_{D}$ dimension and maximum C or D , refer to LO-LOSS tee drawing.

| $C$ or $\mathbf{D}$ <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{C}}$ and $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{D}}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $81 / 2-14$ | 7 |
| $141 / 2-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## LATERAL CROSS



## DESIGNATION:

## KR(*)LX

( $-\varphi$ if $\varphi \neq 180^{\circ}$,
$-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& V=\frac{C+2 t}{\sin \theta}+2 \\
& Q=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+1 \\
& H_{C}=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2 \\
& H_{D}=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{D+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2
\end{aligned}
$$

## Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}$

## END CAP



## DESIGNATION: <br> KR(*)EC (for duct) <br> KR(*)ECF (for fittings)

DIMENSIONS:
A is the outer shell dimension

## Y-BRANCH



DESIGNATION:
KR(*) ${ }^{*}$
( $-\boldsymbol{\theta}$ if $\boldsymbol{\theta}=90^{\circ}$ )
DIMENSIONS:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan (\theta / 2)}+1 \\
& m=\left(\frac{A+2 t}{2}\right) \tan (\theta / 4)
\end{aligned}
$$

REDUCING Y-BRANCH


## DESIGNATION:

## KR(*) YR

( $-\boldsymbol{\theta}$ if $\boldsymbol{\theta} \neq 90^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \tan (\theta / 2)}+1 \\
& m=\left(\frac{A+2 t}{2}\right) \tan (\theta / 4)
\end{aligned}
$$

Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}$

## TAPERED Y-BRANCH



DESIGNATION:
KR(*) YP
(- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ if $\boldsymbol{\theta}=90^{\circ}$ )
DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{H}=1.25(\mathrm{~A}+2 \mathrm{t})$
L1 $=A+2 t$
L2 $=[1.25(\mathrm{~L} 1) \times \cos (\theta / 2)]+[\mathrm{C} / 2 \times \sin (\theta / 2)]$
L3 $=[1.25(\mathrm{~L} 1) \times \cos (\theta / 2)]+[\mathrm{D} / 2 \times \sin (\theta / 2)]$
$\mathrm{O} 1=[1.25(\mathrm{~L} 1) \times \sin (\theta / 2)]+[\mathrm{C} / 2 \times \sin (\theta / 2)]$
$\mathrm{O} 2=[1.25(\mathrm{~L} 1) \times \sin (\theta / 2)]+[\mathrm{D} / 2 \times \sin (\theta / 2)]$

Maximum C or $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}$

## VEE FITTING



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)VE
KR(*)VER
reducing (shown)

DIMENSIONS:
$\mathrm{L} 1=\mathrm{A}$
$\mathrm{O} 1=\mathrm{O} 2=\mathrm{A}$
$L 2=A+\frac{C+2 t}{2}$
$L 3=A+\frac{D+2 t}{2}$

## BULLHEAD TEE



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)TBV
with turning vanes
(shown)
KR(*)TB
without turning vanes
(not shown)
DIMENSIONS:
$V=A+2 t+2$

| A <br> (inches) | Number of <br> Vanes |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-61 / 2$ | 1 |
| $7-91 / 2$ | 3 |
| $10-60$ | 5 |
| over 60 | 12-inch <br> maximum <br> spacing |

## REDUCING BULLHEAD TEE



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)TBVR
with turning vanes
(shown)
KR(*)TBR
without turning vanes
(not shown)
DIMENSIONS:
$V=A+2 t+2$

| A <br> (inches) | Number of Vanes |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-6 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 |
| $7-91 / 2$ | 3 |
| $10-60$ | 5 |
| over 60 | 12-inch maximum <br> spacing |

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)PT


## DIMENSIONS:

Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

## SADDLE STRAIGHT TEE TAP



DESIGNATION:
KR(*)PTS

DIMENSIONS:
Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $C=A$

## CONTOURED FLANGED CONICAL TAP

DESIGNATION:


## KR(*)PTC

DIMENSIONS:
Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}-2$

## SADDLE CONICAL TEE TAP



DESIGNATION: KR(*)PTCS

DIMENSIONS:
Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}-2$

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)PTL


## DIMENSIONS:

Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
J=C+2 t+2 & (\text { for } C \leq A-2) \\
J=C+2 t & (\text { for } C>A-2)
\end{array}
$$

Maximum $C=A$

| C <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $9-14$ | 7 |
| $15-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## SADDLE LO-LOSS TEE TAP

## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)PTLS


## DIMENSIONS:

Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
J=C+2 t+2 & (\text { for } C \leq A-2) \\
J=C+2 t & (\text { for } C>A-2)
\end{array}
$$

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

| C <br> (inches) | $\mathbf{H}$ <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3-8$ | 4 |
| $9-14$ | 7 |
| $15-26$ | 10 |
| 27 or larger | 13 |

## CONTOURED FLANGED LATERAL TAP



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)PL
( $-\boldsymbol{\theta}$ if $\boldsymbol{\theta}=45^{\circ}$ )

DIMENSIONS:
Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

$$
H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2
$$

## SADDLE LATERAL TAP

DESIGNATION:


KR(*)PLS
( $-\boldsymbol{\theta}$ if $\boldsymbol{\theta}=45^{\circ}$ )

## DIMENSIONS:

Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$

$$
H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+2
$$

## CONTOURED FLANGED CONICAL LATERAL TAP



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)PLC
( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )
(for $\boldsymbol{\theta} \geq \mathbf{3 0}{ }^{\circ}$ )
DIMENSIONS:
Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Maximum } C=\begin{array}{l}
A-3 \text { for } A \leq 10 \\
A-4 \text { for } 10<A \leq 42 \\
A-5 \text { for } A>42
\end{array} \\
& H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+4 \\
& \alpha=\frac{2}{\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{4 \tan \theta}+2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## DESIGNATION:

## KR(*)PLCS

( $-\theta$ if $\theta \neq 45^{\circ}$ )
(for $\theta \geq 30^{\circ}$ )


## DIMENSIONS:

Specify duct size that tap will be attached to as A.

Maximum $C=A-3$ for $A \leq 10$
A - 4 for $10<A \leq 42$
A-5 for $A>42$
$H=\frac{A+2 t}{2 \sin \theta}+\frac{C+2 \alpha+2 t}{2 \tan \theta}+4$
$\alpha=\frac{2}{\frac{(C+2 t+2)}{4 \tan \theta}+2}$

## SADDLE RECTANGULAR TAP



## DESIGNATION:



## KR(*)PTA

(Flange-in shown on outer shell)

## DIMENSIONS:

Specify tap size ( W3 x H3 ) and duct size (A) that tap will be attached to and indicate end detail, i.e., flange-in, flange-out, or raw. Provide sketch of orientation if different than noted.

Default: TAPHT $=3$ inches

SADDLE RECTANGULAR TAP


## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)PTLA
(Flange-in shown on outer shell)

## DIMENSIONS:

Specify tap size ( W3 x H3 ) and duct size (A) that tap will be attached to and indicate end detail, i.e., flange-in, flange-out or raw. Provide sketch of orientation if different than noted.


Default: TAPHT = 6 inches
SC = 2 inches
$\theta=45^{\circ}$
Specify SC if TAPHT is other than 6 inches

## OFFSET

DESIGNATION:


KR(*)Z

## DIMENSIONS:

$V=2 A+4 t$
$Z=$ Must be specified

Note: $Z$ should not exceed 0.75 A or $\theta>60^{\circ}$. If larger, use fabricated elbows and a straight length of duct.

## SQUARE-TO-ROUND



## DESIGNATION:

KR(*)QR

## DIMENSIONS:

$\mathrm{V}=12,24,36$, or 48 inches
A = Major axis of rectangular side
$\mathrm{a}=$ Minor axis of rectangular side

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)R


## ECCENTRIC REDUCER

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)RE


## DUCT-TO-DUCT COUPLING



FITTING-TO-FITTING COUPLING


DESIGNATION:
KR(*)C

| $\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{2 t}$ <br> (inches) | Bead <br> (inches) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5-23$ | $1 / 4$ |
| over 23 | $5 / 8$ |

DESIGNATION:
KR(*)CF

## SINGLE-WALL INSULATION END

(Without inner collar)


TYPEA


TYPE B

## DESIGNATION:

SRSIE(DD, DF, FD, or FF)-\#
Where:
DD = double-wall duct to single-wall duct
DF = double-wall duct to single-wall fitting
FD = double-wall fitting to single-wall duct
FF = double-wall fitting to single-wall fitting
\# Explanation:
$1=\quad$ Loose insulation end
$2=\quad$ Insulation end is tack welded and bonded to double-wall duct or fitting
$3=\quad$ Insulation end is solid welded to outer wall of double-wall duct or fitting

Example designation:

## SRSIEDD-1

Notes:

1. Type $A$ insulation ends are used when all of the following conditions are met: (a) material is galvanized steel, (b) $t=1$ inch, and (c) A is in the range of 3 through 36 inches excepting $1 / 2$ inch sizes (i.e., $41 / 2{ }^{\prime \prime}, 51 / 2 "$ "..., $141 / 2 "$ )
2. Type B insulation ends are used for all other cases.

## SINGLE-WALL INSULATION END

(With inner collar)


TYPE A


TYPE B

## DESIGNATION:

SRSIE(DD, DF, FD, or FF)-4
Where:
DD = double-wall duct to single-wall duct
DF = double-wall duct to single-wall fitting
FD = double-wall fitting to single-wall duct
FF = double-wall fitting to single-wall fitting
Notes:

1. Type A insulation ends are used when all of the following conditions are met: (a) material is galvanized steel, (b) t= inch, and (c) A is in the range of 3 through 36 inches excepting $1 / 2$ inch sizes (i.e., $41 / 22^{\prime \prime}, 51 / 2 "$ "..., $141 / 2 "$ )
2. Type B insulation ends are used for all other cases.

GALVANIZED UNI-RING ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ANGLE RING

## DESIGNATION: <br> SFUR**

${ }^{* *}=$ Diameter (e.g. 06, 14, etc.)

DIMENSIONS:
Nominal diameter $=6$ inch through 60 inch

Bolt Hole Dimensions: 6"-15" duct diameter (Holes 5/16" round) $16 "-60$ " duct diameter (Holes $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ oval)

| D <br> Nominal Diameter (inches) | W Bolt Diameter (inches) | Number of Bolts | L <br> Nominal Leg Height (inches) | Nominal Flat Length (inches) | t Nominal Thickness (inches) | Nominal Weight Ring Only (pounds) | D <br> Nominal Diameter (inches) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6.0 | 7.375 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.00 | 6.0 |
| 7.0 | 8.375 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.20 | 7.0 |
| 8.0 | 9.375 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.30 | 8.0 |
| 8.5 | 9.875 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.40 | 8.5 |
| 9.0 | 10.375 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.50 | 9.0 |
| 9.5 | 10.875 | 6 | 1.0625 | 0.9375 | 0.078 | 1.60 | 9.5 |
| 10.0 | 11.375 | 6 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 1.70 | 10.0 |
| 10.5 | 11.875 | 6 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 1.70 | 10.5 |
| 11.0 | 12.375 | 6 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 1.80 | 11.0 |
| 11.5 | 12.875 | 6 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 1.90 | 11.5 |
| 12.0 | 13.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.00 | 12.0 |
| 12.5 | 13.875 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.10 | 12.5 |
| 13.0 | 14.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.10 | 13.0 |
| 13.5 | 14.875 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.20 | 13.5 |
| 14.0 | 15.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.30 | 14.0 |
| 14.5 | 15.875 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.40 | 14.5 |
| 15.0 | 16.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.50 | 15.0 |
| 16.0 | 17.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.60 | 16.0 |
| 17.0 | 18.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 2.80 | 17.0 |
| 18.0 | 19.375 | 8 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.00 | 18.0 |
| 19.0 | 20.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.10 | 19.0 |
| 20.0 | 21.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.30 | 20.0 |
| 21.0 | 22.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.40 | 21.0 |
| 22.0 | 23.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.60 | 22.0 |
| 23.0 | 24.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.80 | 23.0 |
| 24.0 | 25.375 | 12 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.078 | 3.90 | 24.0 |
| 25.0 | 26.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 5.70 | 25.0 |
| 26.0 | 27.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 5.90 | 26.0 |
| 27.0 | 28.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 6.10 | 27.0 |
| 28.0 | 29.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 6.30 | 28.0 |
| 29.0 | 30.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 6.60 | 29.0 |
| 30.0 | 31.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 6.80 | 30.0 |
| 31.0 | 32.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 7.00 | 31.0 |
| 32.0 | 33.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 7.30 | 32.0 |
| 33.0 | 34.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 7.50 | 33.0 |
| 34.0 | 35.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 7.70 | 34.0 |
| 35.0 | 36.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 7.90 | 35.0 |
| 36.0 | 37.375 | 16 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 8.10 | 36.0 |
| 37.0 | 38.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 8.40 | 37.0 |
| 38.0 | 39.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 8.60 | 38.0 |
| 39.0 | 40.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 8.80 | 39.0 |
| 40.0 | 41.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 9.00 | 40.0 |
| 41.0 | 42.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 9.30 | 41.0 |
| 42.0 | 43.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.108 | 9.50 | 42.0 |
| 43.0 | 44.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 12.40 | 43.0 |
| 44.0 | 45.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 12.70 | 44.0 |
| 45.0 | 46.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 13.00 | 45.0 |
| 46.0 | 47.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 13.30 | 46.0 |
| 47.0 | 48.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 13.60 | 47.0 |
| 48.0 | 49.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 13.90 | 48.0 |
| 49.0 | 50.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 14.10 | 49.0 |
| 50.0 | 51.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 14.40 | 50.0 |
| 51.0 | 52.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 14.80 | 51.0 |
| 52.0 | 53.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 15.00 | 52.0 |
| 53.0 | 54.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 15.30 | 53.0 |
| 54.0 | 55.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 15.60 | 54.0 |
| 55.0 | 56.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 15.90 | 55.0 |
| 56.0 | 57.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 16.20 | 56.0 |
| 57.0 | 58.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 16.50 | 57.0 |
| 58.0 | 59.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 16.80 | 58.0 |
| 59.0 | 60.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 17.00 | 59.0 |
| 60.0 | 61.375 | 24 | 1.2500 | 1.1875 | 0.138 | 17.30 | 60.0 |

## APPLIED DUCT CONNECTOR



Applied Connector at Both Ends


Applied Connector at One End

Note: Customer-specified duct length shall be the face-to-face or end-to-face dimension. Standard coil widths are 60 and 72 -inch. When either of these lengths are requested on longitudinal seam duct with an angle ring, the ring is pulled $1 / 2$ inch for welding, and the overall length will finish $1 / 2$ inch longer. For example, a 60 -inch length of longitudinal seam duct will finish 61 -inches if iron angle rings are welded onto both ends. On all other applied connectors, the overall length does not change.

## VAN STONE DUCT CONNECTOR



Van Stone Connector at Both Ends


Van Stone Conector at One End

Notes: 1. Customer-specified duct length shall be the flange-face-to-flange-face or end-to-flange-face length.
2. Avoid Van Stone assemblies on spiral duct.
3. Use at least one end-to-face duct section for field adjustment.
4. Standard coils widths are 60 and 72 -inch. When either of these lengths are requested with a Van Stone end on longitudinal seam duct, the length will be reduced $1 / 2$-inch for each end which requires the Van Stone. For example, a 60inch length of longitudinal seam duct with Van Stone connectors on both ends will finish 59 inches.

APPLIED AND VAN STONE FITTINGS CONNECTORS


## STANDARD ASSEMBLY DRAWING



## Looking through B:

A = Inner diameter large end
B = Inner diameter small end (if reducing)
C = Inner diameter of first tap
D = Inner diameter of second tap
E = Inner diameter of third tap
$H_{E}=$ Tap height of third tap (only when nonstandard height)
$\mathrm{L}=$ Length of duct
$L_{C}=$ Dimension to first tap
$L_{D}=$ Dimension to second tap
$L_{E}=$ Dimension to third tap (conical)
$L_{R}=$ Reducer length
$Z_{C}=$ Offset position of first tap
$Z_{D}=$ Offset position of second tap
$\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{E}}=$ Offset position of third tap
$\theta=$ Location (in degrees) of lateral tap
$\varphi_{C}=$ Location (in degrees) of first tap
$\varphi_{D}=$ Location (in degrees) of second tap
$\varphi_{\mathrm{E}}=$ Location (in degrees) of third tap

## Looking through A:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\varphi_{\mathrm{C}}=270^{\circ} & Z_{\mathrm{C}}=X,-X \\
\varphi_{\mathrm{D}}=90^{\circ} & Z_{\mathrm{D}}=0 \\
\varphi_{\mathrm{E}}=270^{\circ} & Z_{\mathrm{E}}=0
\end{array}
$$

## Notes:

1. $X=$ specified distance
2. The end view is located to the right of the plan view if looking through the A end.
3. The end view is located to the left of the plan view if looking through the B end.
4. All taps, except for conical taps, are measured from the right hand side to the first end of the tap. Conical taps are measured from the right hand side (e.g. $L_{E}$ ) from the centerline of the tap.
[^1]
## McGill AinfFlow ณนc

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Thicker material may be available in some diameter ranges; check with your local sales office.
    ${ }^{2}$ Aluminum double-wall, round, spiral duct is available in larger diameters on special order.

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